

Euroquiz Final 2024

Round 1

1. What is the capital city of Romania?

Bucharest

2. The first modern Olympic Games were held in which country?

Greece

3. Match the following flags to the country.

Luxembourg

Netherlands



4. Which country was *Dracula* inspiration Vlad Dracul from?

Romania

5. What is the name of the sea highlighted in the picture?



Baltic

6. Who was the first woman to win the Nobel Prize?

Marie (Skłodowska) Curie

7. Switzerland shares a border with the Principality of Lichtenstein and how many other countries?

Four (Germany, France, Italy, Austria)

8. The Magyars founded the kingdom in which country?

- a. *Hungary*
- b. Sweden
- c. France

9. Mont Blanc can be found in which European mountain range?

The (French) Alps

10. Which of the following was NOT invented by the Romans: aqueducts, concrete, bread?

Bread

11. Which country borders the Vatican City?

Italy

12. Which Gaelic sport, popular in Ireland, is the oldest field sport in the world?

- a. *Hurling*
- b. Shinty
- c. Rugby

13. Which European country is said to have the most castles per capita in the world?

Slovakia

14. The town of Schengen, famed as the site of the signing of the Schengen Agreement, is in which country?

Luxembourg

15. In which country would you find the Almeria Desert, Europe's only desert?

Spain

16. Christopher Columbus and Marco Polo are famous explorers from which country?

Italy

17. In which city would you find this famous landmark?



Berlin

18. Which country has the oldest continuing monarchy in the world?

Denmark

19. Which of the islands below is not an overseas region of a European country?

- a. Azores
- b. *Fiji*
- c. Canary Islands

20. Julius Caesar was responsible for much of the expansion of which empire?

Roman Empire

Round 2

Listening questions.

1. The report is coming from Lisbon. True or False?

RECORDING:

German	Guten Morgen. Heute berichte ich aus Lissabon.
Italian	Buongiorno! Oggi vi parlo in diretta da Lisbona.
Spanish	Buenos días. Hoy les informo desde Lisboa.
French	Bonjour, aujourd'hui je vous parle en direct de Lisbonne.

True

[ENGLISH: Good morning. I am reporting to you from Lisbon today.]

2. What is the first topic of the news report? Circle the correct answer.

RECORDING:

German	Diese Woche diskutieren wir über die Europawahl.
Italian	Questa settimana parliamo delle elezioni per il Parlamento europeo.
Spanish	Esta semana, hablamos de las elecciones para el Parlamento Europeo.
French	Cette semaine, nous parlons des élections au Parlement européen.

Cost of living // sports results // European Parliament elections

[ENGLISH: This week, we are discussing the European Parliament elections]

3. Write down two pieces of information about the report. Complete the sentence by filling in the gaps.

RECORDING:

German	Junge Leute in Portugal dürfen ab 18 Jahren wählen. Junge Leute hier interessieren sich für Themen wie die Klimakrise.
Italian	I giovani in Portogallo possono votare dall'età di diciotto anni. I giovani qui hanno a cuore varie questioni tra cui la crisi climatica.
Spanish	Los jóvenes en Portugal tienen derecho al voto a partir de los dieciocho años. Los jóvenes aquí se preocupan de problemas como la crisis climática.
French	Au Portugal, les jeunes peuvent voter à partir de 18 ans. Ici les jeunes se soucient de questions telles que la crise climatique.

Young people in Portugal can vote from the age of _____. Young people here care about issues such as the _____ crisis. (Both answers for one point)

18 // Climate

[ENGLISH: Young people in Portugal can vote from the age of 18. Young people here care about issues such as the climate crisis.]

4. How often do European Parliament elections take place? Complete the sentence.

RECORDING:

German	Die Europawahl findet alle fünf Jahre statt.
Italian	Le elezioni del Parlamento europeo si svolgono ogni cinque anni.
Spanish	Las elecciones para el Parlamento Europeo ocurren cada cinco años.
French	Les élections au Parlement européen ont lieu tous les cinq ans.

European Parliament elections take place every _____

Five/5 years

[ENGLISH: European Parliament elections take place every five years.]

5. The reporter talks about tourism in Lisbon. What do tourists love to do in the city? Mention one thing.

RECORDING:

German	Touristen, die Lissabon besuchen, lieben es, in Restaurants zu essen, einkaufen zu gehen und die Kathedrale zu besichtigen.
Italian	I turisti che visitano Lisbona adorano mangiare nei ristoranti, fare un po' di shopping e visitare la cattedrale.
Spanish	A los turistas que visitan Lisboa, les encanta comer en los restaurantes, ir de tiendas y visitar la catedral.
French	Les touristes qui visitent Lisbonne adorent manger au restaurant, faire du shopping et visiter la cathédrale.

Eat in restaurants // go shopping // visit the cathedral (any answer for one point)

[ENGLISH: Tourists visiting Lisbon love to eat in restaurants, go shopping and visit the cathedral.]

6. How do the people of Lisbon celebrate the annual Sintra Festival in June? Circle the correct answer.

RECORDING:

German	Im Juni feiert Lissabon das Sintra Festival (Festival de Sintra) mit klassischer Musik.
Italian	A giugno a Lisbona si svolge il Festival di Sintra (Festival de Sintra) dedicato alla musica classica.
Spanish	En junio, en Lisboa se celebra el Festival de Sintra, con la música clásica.
French	En juin, Lisbonne célèbre le Festival de Sintra avec de la musique classique.

Art // classical music // traditional food

[ENGLISH: In June, Lisbon celebrates Sintra Festival (Festival de Sintra) with classical music.]

7. On what date will the festival begin?

RECORDING:

German	Das Festival de Sintra fängt am 15. Juni an und endet am 22. Juni.
Italian	Il Festival di Sintra inizia il 15 giugno e finisce il 22 giugno.
Spanish	El Festival de Sintra comienza el día quince de junio, y termina el día veintidós de junio.
French	Le Festival de Sintra commence le 15 juin et finit le 22 juin.

15th June

[ENGLISH: The Festival de Sintra begins on 15th June and finishes on 22nd June.]

8. What is the next topic of the news report? Circle the correct answer.

RECORDING:

German	Gestern Abend hat Tennisprofi Carlos Alcaraz ein Spiel gegen Novak Djokovic gewonnen.
Italian	Ieri sera il campione di tennis Carlos Alcaraz ha vinto la partita contro Novak Djokovic.
Spanish	Anoche, el campeón de tenis Carlos Alcaraz ganó un partido contra Novak Djokovic.
French	Hier soir, le champion de tennis Carlos Alcaraz, a gagné un match contre Novak Djokovic.

Sports results // weather report // Gaza conflict

[ENGLISH: Last night, tennis champion Carlos Alcaraz won a match against Novak Djokovic.]

9. What is the weather forecast for today? Complete the sentence.

RECORDING:

German	Heute Morgen wird es sonnig sein und heute Nachmittag wird es regnen.
Italian	Questa mattina ci sarà il sole e questo pomeriggio ploverà.
Spanish	Esta mañana hace sol, y por la tarde va a llover.
French	Ce matin il y aura du soleil et cet après midi il va pleuvoir.

In the morning it will be _____ and in the afternoon it will _____.

Sunny // rain (both answers for one point)

[ENGLISH: This morning it will be sunny and this afternoon it will rain.]

10. What is going to be broadcast after this news report? Mention one thing.

RECORDING:

German	Danke für Ihre Aufmerksamkeit. Als nächstes steht ein Fußballspiel auf dem Programm, Bayern München gegen Real Madrid. Bis später!
Italian	Grazie per averci seguito. Ora passiamo al calcio, con la partita Bayern Monaco – Real Madrid. A presto!
Spanish	Gracias por vernos. Próximamente, un partido de fútbol – Bayern Múnich contra Real Madrid. ¡¡Hasta pronto!!
French	Merci de votre attention. Prochainement un match de foot, Bayern Munich contre Real Madrid. À bientôt!

Football match

[ENGLISH: Thank you for watching. Up next is a football match, Bayern Munich plays Real Madrid. See you soon!]

Reading questions.

Quizmaster: "Read this short news article about a day in the life of an MEP (Member of the European Parliament). Read the translations on your answer sheet in the language(s) you are learning in school and answer questions 11-15. You will have a few minutes to complete this section in your teams".

My name is Sara and I am a Swedish MEP. I live in Stockholm, but I often travel to Brussels and Strasbourg. I wake in the morning at 6am and I watch the news on TV. Afterwards I go to the gym, and I have a shower. I eat breakfast in a café with my friend at 7.30am. I normally order a coffee, some orange juice and a croissant. I need lots of energy!

After breakfast I go to the office for work. I travel by bicycle because I live in the city centre. Lots of people in Stockholm cycle, it is much better for the environment. It is important to me that we protect the planet.

After work, I go home to eat dinner with my family. My favourite thing to eat for dinner is chicken with vegetables. I don't like to eat fish or cheese. After dinner, I like to read books, listen to music and watch films to relax.

Questions:

11. How does she check the news in the morning? Circle the correct answer. Newspaper – Twitter – **TV**
12. She avoids drinking coffee. True or false? **False**
13. She travels to the office by _____. **Bicycle/bike**
14. Name two things she does in the evening after work to relax. **Read (books), listen to music, watch films (any two for one point)**
15. What is her favourite meal to eat for dinner? Mention two things. **Chicken and vegetables (both for one point)**

Translations of above reading text:

Language	Translation of news article
German	<p>Mein Name ist Sara und ich bin schwedisches Mitglied des Europäischen Parlaments (MdEP). Ich wohne in Stockholm, aber ich reise oft nach Brüssel und Straßburg. Ich wache morgens um sechs Uhr auf und ich schaue die Nachrichten im Fernsehen an. Danach gehe ich ins Fitnessstudio und dusche. Ich frühstücke um sieben Uhr dreißig mit meinen Freunden in einem Café. Normalerweise bestelle ich einen Kaffee, einen Orangensaft und ein Croissant. Ich brauche viel Energie!</p> <p>Nach dem Frühstück, fahre ich ins Büro zur Arbeit. Ich fahre mit dem Fahrrad, weil ich im Stadtzentrum wohne. Viele Leute in Stockholm fahren Rad, es ist viel umweltfreundlicher. Es ist mir wichtig, dass wir unseren Planet schützen.</p>

	<p>Nach der Arbeit gehe ich nach Hause um mit meiner Familie Abendessen zu essen. Mein Lieblingsabendessen ist Hähnchen mit Gemüse. Ich esse nicht gerne Fisch oder Käse. Nach dem Abendessen lese ich gerne Bücher, höre Musik und schaue Filme, um mich zu entspannen.</p>
Italian	<p>Mi chiamo Sara e sono una eurodeputata svedese. Vivo a Stoccolma ma vado spesso a Bruxelles e Strasburgo. La mattina mi sveglio alle 6.00 e guardo il telegiornale in TV. Dopo vado in palestra e mi faccio una doccia. Alle 7.30 faccio colazione al bar con una mia amica. Di solito prendo un caffè, del succo d'arancia e un cornetto. Mi serve molta energia!</p> <p>Dopo colazione vado in ufficio a lavorare. Visto che abito in centro, mi sposto in bicicletta. A Stoccolma molta gente usa la bici perché fa bene all'ambiente. Per me è importante proteggere il nostro pianeta.</p> <p>Dopo il lavoro, torno a casa per cenare con la mia famiglia. Il mio piatto preferito è il pollo con le verdure. Non mi piace il pesce e nemmeno il formaggio. Dopo cena mi piace leggere dei libri, ascoltare la musica e guardare dei film per rilassarmi.</p>
Spanish	<p>Mi nombre es Sara y soy un MEP (Miembro del Parlamento Europeo) sueco. Vivo en Estocolmo, pero viajo frecuentemente a Bruselas y Estrasburgo. Me despierto a las seis de la mañana y veo las noticias en la tele. Después, voy al gimnasio, y me ducho.</p> <p>Tomo el desayuno en una cafetería con mi amigo/a a las siete y media. Normalmente pido un café, un zumo de naranja y un croissant. ¡Necesito mucho energía! Después del desayuno, voy a la oficina para trabajar. Voy en bicicleta porque vivo en el centro de la ciudad. En Estocolmo, mucha gente usa bicicleta – es mucho mejor para el medio ambiente. Es importante para mi que protejamos el planeta.</p> <p>Cuando termine el trabajo, vuelvo a casa para cenar con mi familia. Mi cena favorita es el pollo con verduras. No me gusta comer el pescado, ni el queso. Después de la cena, me gusta leer libros, escuchar música y ver películas para relajarme.</p>
French	<p>Je m'appelle Sara et je suis eurodéputée suédoise. J'habite à Stockholm, mais je voyage souvent à Bruxelles et Strasbourg. Je me réveille le matin à 6 heures du matin et je regarde les infos à la télé. Ensuite, je vais à la salle de sport et je prends une douche. À 7h30 je prends mon petit-déjeuner dans un café avec mon ami.e. Normalement, je commande un café, un jus d'orange et un croissant. J'ai besoin de beaucoup d'énergie!</p> <p>Après le petit-déjeuner, je vais au bureau pour travailler. J'y vais en vélo car j'habite en centre ville. À Stockholm, beaucoup de gens font du vélo, c'est bien meilleur pour l'environnement. Pour moi, il est important que nous protégeons la planète.</p> <p>Après le travail, je rentre chez moi pour dîner avec ma famille. Pour le dîner, mon plat préféré est le poulet aux légumes. Je n'aime pas manger ni poisson ni fromage. Après le dîner, j'aime lire des livres, écouter de la musique et regarder des films pour me relaxer.</p>

Round 3

1. The fairy tales which inspired Cinderella and Sleeping Beauty were written by Charles Perrault, which country was he from?

France

2. Painter Vincent Van Gogh was from which European country?

Netherlands

3. The national language of Finland is Finnish and which other language?

- a) English
- b) Danish
- c) *Swedish*



4. Which UN Sustainable Development Goal does this image represent?

Climate Action

5. Pierogi, savoury dumplings commonly filled with meat, cabbage and mushrooms, are commonly found in which country?

Poland

6. Which German football manager announced plans to leave Liverpool FC in 2024?

Jürgen Klopp

7. The official seat of the European Parliament is located in which city?

Strasbourg

8. Who is the current Prime Minister of the United Kingdom?

Rishi Sunak

9. Mandarin Chinese is the most spoken language in the world, but which European language is second most spoken language by native speakers?

Spanish

10. The rugby Six Nations Championships involves which six European countries?

- a. England, France, Germany, Ireland, Scotland, Wales
- b. Belgium, England, Germany, Italy, Portugal, Scotland
- c. *England, France, Ireland, Italy, Scotland, Wales*

11. Popular singer-songwriter Sigrid, is from which European country?

Norway

12. What currency is used in Lithuania?

Euro

13. Which European country are composers Franz Schubert and Joseph Haydn from?

Austria

14. What is the approximate population of Portugal?

- a. 8 million
- b. 10 million**
- c. 17 million

15. This year's summer Olympics will take place in which European city?

Paris

16. Which flower's oil is used to make perfume and is the name of a valley in Bulgaria?

- a. Rose**
- b. Daisy
- c. Lavender

17. The Cyprus 'mouflon', represented on the country's euro coins, is what kind of animal?#

- a. Bird
- b. Sheep**
- c. Dog

18. Sirtaki from Greece is a type of what?

- a. Food
- b. Animal
- c. Dance**

19. You might see these sights if you are travelling in which European city?



Barcelona

20. Jonah Hauer-King, who plays Prince Eric in the 2023 Little Mermaid is from which European country?

England / United Kingdom

Round 4

Team A

1. What is the capital of Belarus?

Minsk

Team B

2. What is the capital of Bosnia & Herzegovina?

Sarajevo

Team A

3. Which river runs through Paris?

River Seine

Team B

4. Which river runs through Vienna?

River Danube

Team A

5. In which European country would you find the Palace of Culture and Science?

Poland

Team B

6. In which European country would you find the old town of Gamla Stan?

Sweden

Team A

7. Which country uses the Koruna as its currency?

Czech Republic / Czechia

Team B

8. Which country uses the Forint as its currency?

Hungary

Team A

9. Leonardo da Vinci was from which country?

Italy

Team B

10. Albert Einstein was from which country?

Germany

10 Buzzer questions.

11. The brand Zara is from which country?

Spain

12. What was the nationality of composer Vivaldi?

Italian

13. How many stars are on the EU flag?

12

14. Guadeloupe is an overseas region of which country?
France
15. Tartu and Tallinn are cities in which country?
Estonia
16. Which EU country has the highest population?
Germany
17. What is the name of the fighters who took part in the games of The Colosseum to entertain audiences in Rome?
Gladiators
18. Croatia has a coastline on which sea?
The Adriatic
19. From what age can you vote in Scottish Parliament elections?
16
20. In which Spanish speaking country is the film Encanto set?
Colombia

Tiebreaker Questions

There are two main occasions in the Euroquiz final where tiebreakers may be required. Only two teams go through to Round 4, so tiebreakers may be required before that round to determine the two finalist teams or at the end to determine the overall winner.

Tiebreak before Round 4: "We will now supply each team with tiebreaker sheet to write answers to a set of questions. Questions will be read by me, and you should write your answers on the paper. These will then be marked quickly by our scoring team and the finalists will be announced."

Tiebreak after Round 4: If a tiebreak is required after Round 4, questions will be asked in order. "The first team member to press the buzzer answers the question. There is no conferring at this stage. If the person answers correctly, that team will win. If the answer is incorrect the question will NOT be passed over to the other team."

1. What is the capital city of Serbia?
Belgrade
2. The Hague is a city in which country?
Netherlands
3. Black forest gâteau and Rote Grütze are popular deserts in which country?
Germany
4. Which country is said to have had the first democracy in the world?
Greece
5. Lanzarote is part of which group of islands?
Canary Islands
6. The Headquarters of Mercedes-Benz is in which country?
Germany
7. In what year did Cyprus join the European Union?
2004
8. Who published his Theory of Evolution in 1859?
Charles Darwin
9. During which month is St Patrick's Day celebrated?
March
10. Which two countries does the Mont Blanc Tunnel connect?
France & Italy
11. Which country is known for the Edelweiss (Ae-del-vice) flower?
Austria
12. The Parliament Palace is the largest administrative building in Europe. In which country is it?
Romania
13. Svalbard is an archipelago in the Arctic Ocean belonging to which country?
Norway
14. The Dolomite Mountains are located in which country?
Italy
15. Which was the most recent country to join the EU in 2013?

Croatia

16. How many local authorities does Scotland have?
32
17. the “poodle” breed of dog is originally from which country?
France
18. Which is the highest mountain in Wales?
Snowdon
19. What is the official language of Andorra?
Catalan
20. The Bay of Biscay lies between which two countries?
Spain and France
21. What is the name of the longest river in Europe which runs through central Russia and into the Caspian Sea?
Volga River
22. Apart from Greece, which other country uses Greek as an official language?
Cyprus
23. Goulash is a traditional dish originating from which country?
Hungary
24. Húsavík (hoo-sa-veek), a picturesque town popular for whale-watching, can be found in which northern European country?
Iceland
25. In 1906, which country became the first in Europe to allow women to vote?
Finland
26. ‘Arán baile’ (ah-rawn bahl-e) means ‘bread’ in which European language?
Irish / Irish Gaelic
27. Artist Ivana Kobilca (koh-bil-tsah) was born in which European country?
Slovenia
28. What was the currency of Estonia before adopting the Euro?
Kroon
29. What currency is used in Georgia?
(Georgian) Lari
30. In which country would you find Lake Bled?
Slovenia
31. In 2022, Italian Samantha Cristoforetti became the first European woman to do what?
Complete a spacewalk
32. The Venta Rapid, Europe’s widest waterfall, is located in which country?
Latvia
33. Rila National Park is the biggest national park of which country?
Bulgaria

34. Which castle dominates the capital city of Slovakia?
Bratislava Castle
35. In which year did the Good Friday Agreement happen, bringing to an end 30 years of conflict in Northern Ireland?
1998
36. Which two countries joined the EU in 2007?
Bulgaria and Romania
37. In which European city would you find the oldest pharmacy in Europe, dating back to 1422?
Tallinn
38. In which European city would you find The Freedom Monument, unveiled in 1935?
Riga (Latvia)
39. Which yellow orange material formed from tree resin can be found in Baltic countries is used to make jewellery?
Amber